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The Pittsburgh Gazette

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF PERSONS leaving the city during the summer months they can have the GAZETTE mailed to their address, by ordering the same at the office, for fifteen cents per week for one week or more.

IN FEBRUARY, 1866, a joint resolution was passed by the Legislature of this Commonwealth, authorizing the procurement of a historical painting, commemorative of the battle of Gettysburg, to be placed in the Capitol at Harrisburg. Messrs. George Connell, of Philadelphia; A. Hlestand Glatz, of York; and David McConaughy, of Adams county, on the part of the Senate; and Messrs. Jas. N. Kerns, A. D. Markley, of Montgomery, Harrison Allen, of Warren county, on the part of the House of Representatives, were the Committee to whom the matter was given in charge. They have selected Mr. Peter F. Rothomel, of Philadelphia, as the artist to execute the work. At a meeting of the Committee, at the rooms of that gentleman, a day or two ago, there were present several specially invited guests, among them being Major Gen. George G. Meade, Gen. Edwin H. Fitler, General Joshua T. Owen, General Charles M. Prevost, General D. W. C. Baxter, Colonel George Meade, Colonel Charles H. Bayne, Colonel Emory, Col. Henry H. Bingham, Postmaster of Philadelphia; Captain Frederick Roland, Henry C. Carey, Esq.; J. R. Lambdin, Esq.; Dr. Lippincott, James H. Martin, Esq., and many others.

It is expected that three years will be required for the completion of the picture, as it will be 36 feet in length by 15 feet in height.

THE *Post* occasionally discloses a vein of quiet sarcasm which is to be commended. Speaking of the action of the Union (Johnsonian) State Committee, on Tuesday last, it says:

"As there is but one State office to be filled this year, an expression as to which candidate they are for *is due to their own rank and file*, as well as to the public at large. We hope an announcement on this matter will be made at an early day."

It would surprise both the Committee and the *Post* to have discovery made of "rank and file" belonging to that organization in Pennsylvania. None are below the grade of captain.

DR. CHARLES R. FOSTER, one of the leading influential citizens of Centre county, died from consumption, in Philadelphia, a few days ago. He represented his county for a number of years in the State Legislature, and was regarded as a gentleman of unusual ability and talent. He was prominently recognized in all the enterprises and movements in his section of the State, and as a public spirited, enterprising citizen was greatly appreciated. His death will cause sorrow among a large number of friends in this neighborhood, to whom he was endeared by his many noble traits of character.

THE Tennessee election will occur on the first Thursday of August next. The following is a list of the candidates for State offices and members of Congress:

Republican.	*Democrat.*
GOVERNOR.	
Wm. G. Brownlow.	Emerson Etheridge.
SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.	
John Eaton, Jr.	Charles S. Cameron.
Dist.	CONGRESS.
1. R. R. Butler,	James White,
2. *Hiram Maynard,	Wm. B. Williams,
3. Wm. B. Stokes,	Eli G. Fleming,
4. James Mullins,	*Edward Cooper,
5. John Trimble,	Balie Peyton,
6. Sam'l M. Arnell,	Dorsey B. Thomas,
7. Isaac R. Hawkins,	Wm. P. Caldwell.
8. David A. Nunn,	*John W. Leftwich.

*For re-election.

MR. PARTON, when he was at Cincinnati, gathering materials for an account of that city which appeared in the *Atlantic Monthly*, stumbled upon a geographical fact that apparently filled him with amazement, to wit: "Those great and famous western rivers are ditches dug by Nature as part of the drainage system of the continent—mere means of carrying off the surplus water when it rains." It would be interesting to have Mr. Parton point out wherein the origin and design of western rivers differ from those of the east.

THE West Chester *Record* urges the election of Mr. John Hickman to the Legislature, as a contribution from that county towards expunging corruption from the State capital. That is *the* way to do it. When the seats in the two Houses shall be filled by men of the order of Mr. Hickman, venality and corruption will have disappeared. What other counties will follow this example?

THE editor of the New Castle *Gazette* (democratic) has been to Philadelphia, to see if he could draw any consolation from the political aspect as presented in that section of the Commonwealth. After surveying the field, he exclaimed in agony of spirit, "Oh, Lord! how long?" We suspect he will wait a good while before getting an answer to suit HIM.

A REPORT prevailed at Washington on Wednesday that Mr. Thaddeus Stevens had died on that day at Lancaster. So far from it, the venerable statesman, in company with Mr. James Buchanan, was attending the marriage of Dr. Carpenter with Mrs. Miller, at Mountville, in Lancaster county.

IT NOW turns out that the Washington telegrams relating to the Louisiana levee bonds, are false, in common with two-thirds of the dispatches forwarded from Washington. The bonds were put on the market last winter, when Mr. Wells was Governor, and were a failure.

IF THE managers of the Associated Press would employ as their agent at Washington a man having at least half common sense, they would earn the thanks of all publishers, and cease to annoy the whole public.

SOME feeling is growing up between the Republicans of Chester county and those of Montgomery as to which shall furnish the candidate for the State Senate in place of Mr. Royer, whose term of service is expiring.

THE Gubernatorial canvass in Ohio promises to be animated.

—On Tuesday of last week the citizens of the town of Riley, Michigan, were thrown into a great excitement. An insane woman, the wife of Thomas Jones, murdered her own child, aged two years, by nearly severing its head from the body with an axe. There was no one present when the unnatural mother killed her child, but soon after she called into the house a neighbor who was passing by, and told him what she had done. Instead of manifesting sorrow for what she had accomplished, she immediately took hold of the child and attempted to throw it around the room. Mrs. Jones has at previous times given evidence of insanity. Before she was married she attempted to destroy her life by jumping into a well.

—All the railroad conductors in New York State are to be uniformed after the first of October next. This will be a great convenience to the travelling public, as it will enable them at once to distinguish the conductors, should they have occasion to communicate with the latter at any time during a journey. Some of the conductors may not like the change at first, but they will get accustomed to it like the police, who wear a very becoming uniform.

Preaching and Poverty.

The "confession and plea for mercy" of that weak-minded and morally overwhelmed New England preacher, the Rev. S. M. Merrill, contains a commentary on the situations and trials of country preachers in general, which ought not to be overlooked. The miserable Merrill recounts that during the first year of his ministerial life he "received only four dollars and his board;" that at the end of the second year "he found that his income had been a trifle less than one hundred dollars;" that, two years afterwards, his salary was increased to two hundred dollars; but that, in the meantime, the "expenses of a horse and carriage" on various circuits, and of getting married, had brought him six hundred dollars in debt. This career was continued from bad to worse. The poor preacher was regularly assigned, at the annual church conference, to different and distant posts; and, having no money to pay his own and family expenses, was forced to sell his possessions, accept charitable donations of clothing, borrow means wherewith to travel and subsist, and thus, he declares, "increase his financial embarrassments until it seemed to him that he must sink and go under." Finally, being tormented distracted," he "sought the more joyous and worldly persons for company to drown his trouble of mind;" and became guilty of the "careless and imprudent step" which lost him his reputation and drove him from his home.

It is not at all wonderful that a man of Merrill's evident calibre should have gone distracted and committed an "imprudence" under such circumstances. The wonder is that more preachers in Massachusetts, Vermont, and elsewhere in the Northeast, are not unfrequently driven to insanity. The treatment of the provincial clergy in that region is generally scandalous. A village minister of even a good deal of the acerbity and ability and the persuasive power of a Spurgeon, can hardly exist without getting into debt. If his conscience or desires impel him to fulfill what he deems to be the law of God, by taking to himself a wife and begetting children, it is so much the worse for him in a worldly sense that even the affection of his suffering household cannot always preserve him from self-reproach. His "pay," such as it is, is as accidental and spasmodic as the revenue of a peddler of a worn out patent. The conferences rarely provide him with anything; and the village church has no fund. He applies to the trustees. Those impassive deacons refer him to insolvent debtors for pew rent. From the latter, perhaps, he manages to obtain with tears of penitence, moderately stay the impetus of grocers' and butchers' dues. But sometimes sickness prostrates him. Then a conclave of stingy deacons "resolves" that from one half to one-third of his meagre stipend shall be "deducted" while he is lying helpless, with a half-starved family about him, in his bed. As that proportion of his wag s has virtually been deducted already, his debts are merely increased by the sum of a doctor's bill.

At the end of the year, regard for custom and a fondness for amusement inspire the congregation to "do something" for the Rev. Mr. So-and-so and his "sweet family" in the way of a donation party. The evening is appointed, and during the previous afternoon bounteous ones are sent in. Farmer Doogood contributes a barrel of flour, minus a considerable number of baking batches that farmer Doogood's helpmate has previously moulded into goodly loaves, for Farmer Doogood's frugal dinner table. Deacon Manyacres authorizes his hired man to deposit a cord of water logged fuel on the scrupulously kept grass plot before the minister's front gate. Lamb, the butcher, sends a leg of mutton and a ten pound roast. Fatprofit, the village store keeper, forwards a hideously old-fashioned piece of calico, "to make the little ones a set of nice new dresses." The unsmith, Clattersaw, who has just made a vain attempt to solder up the dozen or more rust holes in the preacher's ancient coffee pot, conceives the bright idea of dispatching him a new one. The wives and gossips of the place have in the meanwhile provided enough provender of various kinds to satiate a very large picnic party, and as night comes on, there is a general rush of donors and self invited guests to the preacher's dwellidg. The faded figures of the tidy parlor carpet are trampled into indistinguishable hieroglphs by filthy soles; and as for the dining room, that is the scene of an onslaught upon "donated" victuals, which might reasonably inspire the minister's pining consort to arouse her offspring from their trundle b.ds and set them on to glut themselves with supperspoiling the hamble pie of to-morrow. There is a box in which, as in the chapel box of a convent, the people, who have turned the preacher's house into a hotel, may drop a *douceur* unseen. Such retiring charity is not apt to be the virtue of New England villagers, and the bits of ragged currency which are subsequently gleaned by the poor minister from the bottom of this receptacle can be summed up into nothing more than a mockery of his indigence. The one grateful and affecting relic of the evening's visitation lies upon the centre table, moistened by a woman's tears. It is a receipt in full for the cost of a year's medical attendance, and bears the signature of Frank Hearty, Jr., M. D. It exorcises one haunting spirit metical calculation from the preacher's brain. If, haply, the winter's stock of flour in the Doogood household does not fall so low as to impel that estimable tiller of the soil to return and levy a half bushel tax upon his gift, another calculation, based on bread, will also have been erased for a little time. But debt, a very sword of Damocles, still hangs above the preacher's head. Want grins at him from the future. Comfort and content ment—these he is called upon to preach to others, even though, like the exiled singer of the Song of Home, he has never known whereof he tells.—*N. Y. World.*

—The Honolulu *Commercial Advertiser* of June 1st, says: "A comet has been visible, though very faint, for some weeks in the northeast. It was seen by several persons about ten P. M., one evening lately, just over the Koolau mountains, during the late cessation of the trade winds, when the sky was cloudless. As its apparent course is downward towards the sun, it rises earlier each evening. Probably cannot be seen in Honolulu now except after midnight. It has a nebular head (no star discernable in it) with a spreading tail eight or ten degrees in length. When last seen the comet's head and tail were so faint as to be scarcely discernable."

—Paris consumes, as butchers' meat, an average of two hundred horses per month. This meat is sold only for what it is, viz., horseflesh. It is eaten consciously, and because it is palateable and nutritious. It takes all the forms of other meats, such as steaks, chops, rolls, cutlets, rumps, ribs, and so forth, and is subjected to a similar variety of culinary treatment. The Parisians, by the way, have lately tried to introduce the flesh of mules, also, to the tables; but this has proved too much even for the enlightened digestion of the French people. In May the number of mules slaughtered for the markets there had fallen from si xty to nineteen per month.

—Bavaria was called upon recently to make up her mind, in a puzzling situation. She was asked to enter the reconstructed Zollverein. If she accepted she took the first step, with her eyes open, on the road to political annihilation. If she refused she crippled her commerce. Prince Hohenlohe, who is more than suspected of Prussian proclivities, urged the financial view of the case. Old ex-king Ludwig and the Austrian party denounced his policy as unpatriotic. Thereupon he threatened to resign. The King at once ordered Baron Tauffkirchen to sign the treaty, and the Bavarian aristocracy now hate Prince Hohenlohe more than ever.

—The immigration to Minnesota this year is immense. Three hundred and fifty wagons have passed over the bridge at St. Paul since April, with 2,000 persons. Thousands have come by rail and steamer. It is estimated that, in the Sauk valley above, one hundred miles northwest of St. Paul, 10,000 persons have settled this spring; and still they come. The average at Winona, of immigrants passing to the back country, at one time was 700 per day. Other points have received their share also.

—General Sylvanus Thayer, of Braintree, Mass., who graduated at Dartmouth College, in 1807, has given the college $40,000 to found a department of architecture and civil engineering.

FIRST EDITION, MIDNIGHT.

IMPORTANT FROM EUROPE.

Italy Offers to Protect Rome.

THE DANISH PROVINCE MATTER.

Prussian Escaped Conscripts Surrendered on an American Ship.

WAR BETWEEN FRANCE AND PRUSSIA

Such Event Believed Imminent

PRUSSIA ACTIVELY PREPARIEG.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ITALY.

OFFER TO PROTECT ROME.

FLORENCE, July 26.—Baron Ratazzi, Prime Minister of Italy, has made an offer to carrison the City of Rome with National troops to protect it from the threatened attack of the party of action under Garibaldi and Mazzini.

AUSTRIA.

THE DANISH PROVINCES.

VIENNA, July 26.—Napoleon has sent a note to the King of Prussia, urging him to surrender the Danish provinces north of Schleswig to Denmark. The Emperor of Austria declines to interfere in the matter.

PRUSSIA.

CONSCRIPTS ESCAPE TO AN AMERICAN SHIP AND ARE SURRENDERED.

BERLIN, July 26.—Two conscripts, belonging to the imperial army, to-day attempted to escape. They succeeded in reaching an American vessel at Bremen Haven, on the point of sailing. The Prussian authorities hastened to open the battened hatches of the ship if the commander refused to give up the conscripts. After a sharp parley the men were surrendered.

RUSSIA.

THE CHINA TEA MARKET.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 26.—The Russian Government has issued an order to its agents in China, to sustain the value of Hankow as a tea market.

ENGLAND.

WAR BETWEEN FRANCE AND PRUSSIA BELIEVED TO BE IMMINENT.

LONDON, July 27.—*Evening.*—There is much caution shown by capitalists and business men here, the feeling having become general that a war between France and Prussia is imminent.

PRUSSIA PREPARING FOR THE EVENT.

A private dispatch from Berlin, received this evening, makes mention of the general opinion there that war is certain, and adds that Prussia is actively urging forward her preparations for such an event.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 26.—*Evening.*—Consols 94; Erie, 42¾; Illinois Central, 76½; 72 11-16; A. & G. W., 25.

FRANKFORT, July 26.—United States bonds closed at 85.

LIVERPOOL, July 26.—*Evening.*—Cotton closed firmer and more active with an advance of ⅛, established sales to-day of 10,000. Orleans, 13½d; sales of 15,000 bales for Manchester. Market for goods and yarns firmer with more doing. Breadstuffs without change. Provisions quiet and steady. Produce dull and prices without material change. Petroleum advanced to 1s 4½d. per gallon for refined.

LONDON, July 26.—*Evening.*—Sugar firm but prices unchanged. Linseed oil declined to £31 5s per ton.

THE SURRATT TRIAL.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 26, 1867.

Judge Fisher decided not to strike out the evidence as to the running of the trains between Washington and New York, delivered yesterday, unless the prosecution shall have failed to connect the prisoner with one of those trains.

The testimony as to the telegraphic communication between Elmira and Washington, whereby it was possible for the conspirators to communicate with the prisoner, stands upon the same footing, and will be stricken out if the prosecution shall fail to connect the prisoner with the conspiracy by full competent testimony.

Mr. Bradley noted an exception.

Considerable additional evidence on both sides, as to the character of Dr. Bissell, was submitted.

A discussion subsequently occurred on a motion to strike out certain testimony, by the defense. First, that in relation to the attack upon Secretary Seward; second, that relating to Jacob Thompson; third, that relating to the shooting of officers and men on the gunboat fight, as testified to by Dr. McMillen; fourth, evidence given yesterday in relation to telegraphic matters; fifth, evidence in relation to the running of trains on April 14th, 1865; sixth, letter known as the "Dodd letter," picked up in the waters of North Carolina; and seventh, all evidence relating to Atzerott, at the Kirkwood House.

The defense claimed that this was a trial for murder, not conspiracy, and the testimony had no relation to the case of the prisoner.

The prosecution contended that all this evidence was legitimate, except the "Dodd letter," which, they said, had no connection with the case, and had no doubt it should be stricken out.

Adjourned till to-morrow

CANADA AFFAIRS.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 26.—The *Herald's* Montreal special says: The Commissioner of the Imperial Government left here to-day for the northwest territory to organize a colonial government and facilitate the settlement of the Fenians. The recall has fallen upon Mr. Rossland, who has been Commissioner of Russian America by the United States.

Reports are current in private circles that recent petitions for the release of Rev. John McMahon and other Fenians, will meet with favorable consideration. The city is crowded with American tourists.

QUEBEC, July 26.—During a heavy storm last evening a boat with five persons on board is supposed to have been lost.

Five men were struck by lightning and one badly paralyzed.

TORONTO, July 26.—Drafts for all the regiments in Canada are expected from England in a few weeks.

OTTOWA, July 26.—It is reported the home government is about to establish a permanent garrison in British Columbia.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

Coolie Laborers on Plantations—City Currency Reviving from Depreciation.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, July 26.—The American brig William Robertson, from Havana, arrived at Pass A'Loutre this evening, having on board twenty-five Coolies. Other shipments of small numbers have already arrived, and are at work on plantations.

The city currency is recovering from the depression, some brokers purchasing at three per cent. discount. Over sixty thousand dollars have been withdrawn from circulation and destroyed.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

Surveying Party Attacked—R. F. Brown, Engineer in Charge, Killed.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 29.—The *Herald's* Omaha special, says: Seventy-five Indians attacked a surveying party of the Union Pacific Railroad, on Bitter creek, on the 25th, mortally wounding R. F. Brown, Engineer in charge of the party, crown died on the 26th. The Indians virtually have possession of the road between Fort Sanders and Fort Bridger.

Shocking Case of Matricide.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 26.—The *Herald's* Cincinnati special says: A shocking case of matricide occurred this morning at Batavia, Clermont county, Ohio. A young man named Hunter was standing in a front room with several companions, all very drunk, when Hunter's mother came to the party and implored her son to accompany her home. Suddenly he seemed seized with frenzy, rushed into the street, and, picking up a heavy stone, threw it into the group. The fatal missile struck his mother on the temple. She died in ten minutes. Hunter and his companions were arrested.

Base Ball Match.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 26.—The *Herald's* Chicago special says that the National Base Ball Club, of Washington, have arrived here, and the Tournament began to-day at Dexter Park. Over ten thousand persons are in attendance. The opening game was between the Forest City Club, of Rockford, Illinois, and the Nationals. The game resulted in the defeat of the Nationals, by twenty-nine to thirty-three. The Invincibles are at last beaten by an Illinois country club. To-morrow they will play with the Excelsior, the crack club of Chicago.

SECOND EDITION, FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 26, 1867.

VIRGINIA POSTOFFICES REOPENED.

About forty postoffices were reopened in Virginia and West Virginia yesterday. The former postmasters, with few, if any, exceptions, have been continued.

THE INDIAN COMMISSION.

The President has appointed Lieutenant General Sherman, Brigadier General W. S. Harvey and Alfred H. Terry, members of the Indian Commission. This completes the list, the act to establish peace with certain hostile Indians having specifically mentioned the other members. The Indian Bureau will immediately place itself in communication with every member of the Commission, with a view to entering upon their duties at the earliest practicable period. They will probably assemble at St. Louis on the 1st of August.

SHOOTING FETE.

Monday week has been named for the Schutzenfest in this city. Extensive arrangements have been made for the occasion.

BRIBERY IN THE PAY DEPARTMENT.

Additional testimony was taken by the House Committee to-day in relation to the bribery of clerks in the Pay Department.

CLEARED FOR CHINA.

Two steamers, revenue cutters, recently sold by the Government, cleared to-day for China.

RECEIPTS OF CUSTOMS.

The receipts of customs for the week ending on the 20th amounted to $2,500,000.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

The receipts of internal revenue to-day were $858,111.

FROM NEW YORK.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 26, 1867.

EPISCOPAL INVESTIGATION.

An investigation has commenced by the Episcopal Diocese into the charge against Rev. S. H. Tyng, Jr., of having officiated in a Methodist church, in defiance of the prohibition of the Rector of the Parish. His father, in 1859, occupied a similar position.

PALACE CAR EXCURSIONISTS.

The Palace Car Excursionists returned home this evening.

SUPPRESSION OF GAMBLING.

The Society for the suppression of gambling, has caused the arrests of several policy dealers connected with Kentucky and other lotteries.

FRAUDULENT BOND.

Eli Everett was charged at Philadelphia, on Thursday, before the United States Commissioner, with the forgery of a postoffice bond to the amount of $80,000. It was ascertained that the persons whose names were on the bond still live, and reside at Lowell, Mass. He was bound over for a further hearing in $5,000 bail.

DAMAGED BY FIRE.

Building No. 292 Broadway, occupied by Adam Slaker, Jr., and Thompson, dining saloon, and Union Hoop Skirt Company, was damaged by fire to-night to the amount of $40,000. It was accidentally and fully insured. Sinderman & Co's loss is twenty thousand dollars.

ERIE RAILROAD CONTEST.

In the contest for the Erie Railroad election, the Vanderbilt orders have become identified with Vanderbilt in opposition to the present direction.

OIL REFINERIES SEIZED.

Several oil refineries have been seized in Brooklyn, for a violation of the internal revenue laws.

CONFISCATED WHISKY SOLD.

Five hundred barrels of confiscated whisky were sold at auction to-day, at two dollars per gallon.

SUICIDE OF A SOLDIER.

Sergeant Jules Gierre, of the United States Engineers, committed suicide at Willett's Point, yesterday.

OVATION TO GEN. GRANT.

A complimentary reception and ball was given General Grant at Long Branch, last night.

FROM RICHMOND.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

United States Court Session—Illegal Registration—Moderation Urged by Judge Underwood, &c., &c.

RICHMOND, July 26.—The District Court commenced its session to-day. Judge Underwood, in his charge, said: the Grand Jury would have a new class of cases before them, in which illegal registration would be charged. He urged moderation, as many had registered upon the supposition that they were acting in opinion, and that of the District Commander, and had not intended to commit perjury. If such should be presented, it should be ignorant, but prominent men, who knew better.

Gen. Schofield has issued an order for carrying into effect so much of the additional reconstruction act, recently passed by Congress, as regards registration.

It will probably be full of interesting matter to-morrow, about changes in the city offices, and it is generally understood the military authorities are about to make many new appointments.

FROM SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Union Republican Convention—Party Organization

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

COLUMBIA, July 26.—To-day in the Convention the time was consumed in discussion and election of officers and the State Central Committee of the Union Republican Party. A white President, two Vice Presidents, and colored President and Secretary were chosen. One white delegate tendered his resignation to-day, because the colored delegates refused to accept any thing but the entire ticket on the platform. The presiding officer of the Convention, colored, said he was glad to accept and thought the white men among the delegates would be ashamed with the case, and had no doubt it should be stricken out.

Adjourned till to-morrow

FROM HAVANA.

The Laying of the Cable to Florida—Anxiety Concerning the Vessel Bringing it from Europe, &c.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, July 26.—The steamer Liberty, from Havana on the 23d, has arrived.

It has not been decided to lay the telegraph cable by starting from Key West. Some anxiety was expressed in consequence of the non-arrival of the steamer with the cable.

About one hundred and fifty sergeants leave Havana for Spain about the 30th. Accounts differ as to the new army regulation their pay cannot be promoted further, and they are, therefore, cashiered against their will. This will doubtless be the source of mischief, because these men will resent and join the revolutionary band in Spain.

FROM GEORGIA.

Children Killed by Lightning—Freedmen Meetings throughout the State

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Two colored children were struck dead by lightning to-day. The Freedmen were holding meetings throughout the State, which are addressed by radical speakers, white and black.

The Turf in Rhode Island.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

PROVIDENCE, July 26.—A match for $2,500 between Dexter and Henry George, both mates, on Washington trotting park, this afternoon, was won by Dexter in three straight heats; time, 2:26½, 2:23½ and 2:23¼. Vol. Sprague's Narragansett pack will be open on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday of next week, when $10,000 will be competed for in a field of thirty hounds, embracing some of the best known to the turf.

Cholera at Fort Harker Subsiding.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—A dispatch from Fort Harker, Kansas, says, on the authority of Colonel Smith, Chief Surgeon, that no new cases of cholera have occurred there during the past twenty-four hours, and that the epidemic is rapidly subsiding. Four cases have occurred in passing trains.

Cholera in Texas.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GALVESTON, July 26.—The Government employees lately sent with wood to the frontier posts are reported suffering with cholera. Most of these people, where they are quartered. The Freedmen at Allyton are also suffering with the cholera.

New York Constitutional Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, July 26.—In the Constitutional Convention, to-day, the clause of the suffrage report, disfranchising persons who had been engaged in rebellion against the United States, was stricken out.

Government Defrauder Arrested.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BOSTON, July 26.—A Canadian named R Worthington has arrested here for defrauding the Government extensively on invoices of books from Montreal.

Suicide of an ex-Member of Congress.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

INDIANAPOLIS, July 26.—Hon. Daniel Mace, ex-member of Congress, and Postmaster at Lafayette, Indiana, shot himself dead at his home this morning.

Cholera not Epidemic in Memphis.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, July 25.—The Board of Health declares that cholera does not exist here in an epidemic form.

Parade of a Colored Regiment.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BALTIMORE, July 26.—A newly formed colored regiment paraded through the streets to-night.

Secretary Seward at Auburn.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUBURN, July 26.—Secretary Seward and Sir Frederick Bruce arrived last evening.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

THE SILVER PALACE EXCURSION.

The Press—The Cars—Chicago—A Banquet—Return.

In our last we bade adieu to our readers at Alliance, Ohio, where the large party of excursionists had partaken of a hearty breakfast at Sourbeck's famous dining rooms.

THE PRESS.

We now had an opportunity of becoming acquainted with the members of the press represented in the party, all of whom we had found on our embarkation fast asleep in their cozy berths in the luxurious palace sleeping cars. The press of the East and West was liberally represented, and many of the well known female letter writers and journalists were in attendance. Among the latter were "Grace Jones," Clara Loggia, the intrepid defender of the Black Crook; Madame Demorest, known as the publisher of an excellent mirror of fashions; Ellen O'Mahoney, of the *News*, and Miss Luselle, of the New York *Mercury*. The most cordial feelings of friendship soon united the excursionists into one pleasing family circle, and nothing prevented the enjoyment of all. Occasionally some little incident worthy of note would happen, and then an hundred note books jumped from their pockets, and an hundred pencils jotted down unintelligible sentences and words, after which, with a sigh of relief, the pencils were put up, and the books were returned to their places and the news-starving party resumed their conversation. The reading of newspapers was a luxury not worthy of note pertaining to the excursion.

THE CARS.

Between Alliance and Crestline we made close examination into the beauties and excellencies of the Pittsburgh Division. We cannot venture upon a description, as the workmanship is of the most exquisite character. The cars are finished in panels of rich black walnut wood beautifully trimmed, tipped and ornamented with silver. The lamps are of the most elegant pattern throughout the car, and forms a very pleasing contrast with the dark walnut wood. The furniture and upholstery is of a character worthy the magnificence and finish of the car. Indeed, we cannot imagine how these palaces could well be improved, as they are the perfection of comfort and luxury, with a view only to please and satisfy travelers. The cars we believe will at once be placed on the route, leaving New York and Chicago each morning at 9 o'clock, and Chicago each evening at seven. The entire stretch between these two cities will be made without changing cars.

AT CHICAGO.

The train reached Fort Wayne about noon, where the guests partook of a hearty dinner, and losing little time, were soon again on the road to Chicago, a number of carriages and cabs were in attendance to convey all to the Sherman House.

The reception met at the hands of the Chicagoans was worthy of these good people know full well how to give eclat to their city; are enterprising, liberal and energetic, and when they undertake to do a thing, whether of note, or say delegation of citizens from other cities in Chicago, be they there for public or private purposes, they do it in a manner to be remembered and admired with all needful attention. In short, Chicago is far behind our own city, but is equal so far in advance of us in public and commerce.

The city has about eighteen hotels from which to choose, and the Sherman House is one of the first. Several of them are fully equal to our Monongahela House, which is saying much in their praise. The amount of business done in the grain trade transacted in Chicago, it may be said that during the past year more than fifty millions of bushels of grain passed through the hands of more than a million dollars. The operations in grain, packing, and shipment of provisions is also an enormous one, of any other city in the world. Some twenty-eight railway lines are directly or indirectly connected with the city, and a network of railroads presents itself in every direction, which will not allow him to approach a station without purchasing a ticket for some place. The first requisite he claimed not to have, being a newspaper man of many years standing, but with regard to the second, he would say that second to no man in the country. He felt that he was peculiarly qualified to respond to the toast, inasmuch as he was a citizen of Chicago, although the name of it was perhaps unknown to the citizens of Chicago. Nevertheless it was a great city, full of revolutionary reminiscences, standing four hundred feet above the level of the lake, and connecting New York with Chicago and Jersey for its suburbs. He alluded to Hoboken. [Laughter.] They thought there that they had the finest and most desirable city, the Rome and Venice of the Western Hemisphere, and they also rejoiced sincerely at the great growth and prosperity of Chicago of which they had no jealousy. In the same connection he would also say that the other great cities now represented in the Union had similar sentiments regarding the Garden City of the West. On behalf of those he responded to the welcome which had been tendered, he would remark that they all hailed with pride the evidences of the wealth and greatness of Chicago, the daughter which was rivaling in beauty and wealth its august mother. He went on to speak of the enterprise which had been shown by the citizens, especially in their railroads, and in the short period of great success of the city was due, not so much to the people or the fertility of the soil, as to the railroads. He referred, in highly complimentary terms, to the Silver Palace Cars of the Central Transportation Company, and to the hospitality he had met with from them, he had all been entertained, culminating as it did in the splendid banquet of which they had just partaken.

The next regular toast was 'Our Hosts, the Central Transportation Company,' which was ably responded to by S. A. Goodwin, Esq., of Chicago.

The third regular toast, 'The Chicago and New York through route,' was responded to by Dr. R. H. Gilbert, of the Allentown press. He said that he was the son-in-law, and it was also a characteristic of the life of railroad business, and in responding to the great, that it was the interests of the country he would act on that principle and be as brief as possible. What the excursionists had witnessed with their own eyes unrivalled recent rides on the Allentown and Pennsylvania route, spoke better of itself than all the eloquence he could command. He was proud to be connected with the railroad, and to assist in the opening of the best between this city and the East, being 200 miles from Chicago to New York. Seventy-five of these embraced the New Jersey Central, 21 miles the Lehigh Valley road, 92 miles the Eastern Pennsylvania, 247 the Pennsylvania Central, and the remaining 60 the Fort Wayne road, which was leading to the gateway of the Great West. He referred in flattering terms to the Central Transportation Company, and to the fact that the entire expense displayed by them was but an exemplification of the great influence of railroad interests, not only in the advancement of manufactures, but in every part of industrial and intellectual progress. Wherever the railroad extended manufactures sprung up and agriculture pursued on its borders. He would not proceed to speak of the new line of cars now inaugurated by the Central Transportation Company as another evidence of the progressive spirit of the times, and as destined to work a vast improvement on the present system of travelling, still calling to mind the star of Chicago. They had shown this in their disposition to adopt every improvement which was presented, as witnessed during the trip which had so far been a brilliant success.

"The next regular toast, 'The Pacific Coast and its Institutions,' was responded to by Major M. M. Noah, of the *Alta Californian*, who said that coming from San Francisco to Chicago, he felt that he was at home. Chicago was a leader and San Francisco had followed it in everything. It was now doing its share of the work on the Great Pacific Railroad, having built nine hundred miles, and imported 14,000 Chinamen. California was a prolific State, and did not object to be taxed to build up that great undertaking. He said Chicago was always in the mouths of the Californians, and he closed his remarks by expressing the hope that San Francisco would in a few years, present the same evidences of prosperity as Chicago.

"The last regular toast, 'Woman, the best gift to man, and always the dearest,' was responded to in a very felicitous and humorous speech by Mr. E. D. Holmes, of the New York *Dispatch*.

"At the close of the banquet, which passed off happily, the guests were escorted in carriages along Wabash avenue and other pleasant paths, for an hour or two, and, on returning in the evening, a ball was given in the Sherman House, which brought the proceedings to a close. The party was a brilliant and successful one, and the festivities were kept up until nearly midnight."

HOME AGAIN.

Early next morning the excursionists took their departure for their homes. At Fort Wayne the party took dinner at Col. McKinney's new hotel. Her an impromptu meeting was held, at which the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That on the part of themselves and the ladies under their charge, for the courtesy, attention and elegant hospitality extended to them during their excursion from the seaboard and intermediate points to Chicago, embracing days of continued enjoyment, the thanks of the gentlemen of this party present on the trip are due and are hereby tendered to the following gentlemen: J. O. Stearns, of the Central Railroad, New York; E. H. Williams, of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad; J. N. McClintock, of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad; George R. Dykeman, Superintendent of the Eastern Division, and Jesse R. Pool, Superintendent of the Western Division of the Central Transportation Company, and to Jonah Woodruff, the General Superintendent of the entire line, for the general success of the trip thus far toward a successful termination, unsurpassed by a single unpleasant circumstance, and for the manner in which it has afforded them, in giving a personal experience of a mode of transit unrivalled in comfort, elegance and luxury, in the trains of Railway Kings.

Resolved, That the President and Secretary of this meeting, on the part of the ladies and gentlemen present, be requested to sign these resolutions and transmit them to the parties mentioned, with our best wishes for their success in the enterprise which has filled a void long felt by the traveling public.

And thus ends the pleasant excursion trip of the magnificent Silver Palace Cars.

How the Musical Artists Talk About the Decker Bros. Pianos.

It is now an established fact that the Decker Brothers Patent Piano Forte is one of the best instruments in the market. It is only as an honest duty we owe to our readers to say that every intelligent musician in the United States is very rapidly increasing. Its peculiar qualities are: First, extraordinary volume of tone; second, evenness throughout the scale; third, excellent singing quality; fourth, richness and brilliancy; fifth, superb action, and sixth the power of standing in tune longer than any other piano ever before made. Every instrument made by the Decker Brothers possess every one of the foregoing truly desirable features. As a proof of the estimation in which the Decker Brothers Pianos are held by the musical profession we append the [Applause.] And in conformity to the duty of the office we hold, giving me the right to speak in behalf of the citizens, I desire to offer you a cordial and hearty welcome to the West. We are glad to welcome you in the spirit of kindness and convenient conveyances which have been provided for your comfort on the journey. Whether in Chicago long as your convenience will permit, I trust you will extend your journey through our beautiful State, and over the many other convenient lines of railroads that pass out of the city of railroads, and see the broad and fertile fields of the prairies, and beyond the Mississippi, and behold the source of so large a portion of the staple of our success, which is daily s

The Pittsburgh Gazette

SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1867.

THE FRENCH LEGISLATURE.

The sentiments of the more liberal sections of the population of France find expression in the Corps Legislatif, and with increased boldness. Some of the declarations clearly indicate one of two things—either that the ardor of renowned members have over-mastered their discretion, or that the people are rapidly ripening for a revolt against the imperial government. Looking on from this distance it seems most improbable that gentlemen of the large experience of THIERS, FAVRE, PAGES and their associates should be swept headlong by a gust of passion beyond the limits where they could safely rely on popular support.

In the discussion on the Mexican question M. THIERS used language that quite recently would have been regarded by the occupant of the throne, and by many of his own colleagues as decidedly treasonable. In his peroration he said:

"Dare I speak of the Chamber? If it did not resist, that was from a sentiment I respect—the consideration due to the government—to the chief of the state. [Hear.] And I draw this lesson from it, that no greater service can be rendered to the chief of state than to resist him on certain occasions. [Cheers on some benches.] I have always been among those who in France have sought liberty under a monarch, but there are two species. The first, where a prince governs through ministers, but without consulting them—in fact, absolutely. The other, a chief of the state, having respectful and devoted ministers, but concerting and arranging with them, they deferring to him with respect, and in case of difference, supporting themselves on public opinion. This latter is the one to which I have devoted myself for more than forty years, and the one I wish for my country; and I am sure that the true friends of the government will desire that it pass as soon as possible from the first form to the second."

An interruption by the President gave him the chance to reiterate this sentiment with added force.

M. FAVRE surpassed M. THIERS in directness and audacity. A recent hemorrhage made it highly imprudent for him to speak at all; but a sense of public duty silenced all considerations of the state of his health. He was able to speak no more than a few minutes, but the sentences that fell from his lips were charged with electricity. He boldly accused the government of lying to the Legislature as to the object of the Mexican expedition, and, at various stages, as to the progress made in it; of having held confident language when it knew that success was impossible; of cowardly treachery to MAXIMILIAN; and of having been the cause of his death, as well as that of many Frenchmen.

At this point occurred one of the most remarkable passages of the discussion. M. FAVRE was speaking of an article in an official journal:

"And when it appeals to the Divine right I reply that the fate of the humblest child of France who dies obscurely on a foreign soil in the performance of his duty is more worthy of sympathy than that of a prince who perishes in defence of his throne." (Cries of "order, order.")

The President intimated that persistence in such language would compel him to call the orator to order. M. EUGENE PELLETAN cried out: "We esteem a Frenchman more than we do an Austrian archduke." The DUKE DE MARMIER answered: "Make no distinction between victims." M. FAVRE continued:

"It is because I repel all distinction that I pronounced the words which have excited the Chamber. No reasons of political necessity can justify the conduct of the government during the latter period of the expedition. Maximilian went on the faith of our promises with our army, and he ought to have been supported by it. Yes, I have experienced a feeling of profound affliction that this unhappy prince was not brought back to Europe with our troops, so that France might have been sheltered from the blood that has been spilt, and which will fall upon her head. In a free country ministers would be impeached; it is only in France (interruption) that they are not responsible, and therefore it is another who should be placed at the bar."

The President here so far forgot himself as to say that these words would fall upon the head of their author in the eyes of the entire country. M. FAVRE'S reply to this censure was characteristic:

"No person in this chamber, not even our honorable President, whom I respect, is entitled to hold such language to me—to me, who am one of that minority which, when it was in power, overthrew the scaffold for political crimes, which you have again set up. [Loud expressions of dissent.] I have always protested from this place in favor of the inviolability of human life, and if you had taken these protestations into consideration, perhaps we should not be now deploring the calamity that has occurred." [Great agitation.]

Almost fainting, the orator took the arm of Mr. BETHMONT, and walked from the chamber.

On the 12th instant, M. GLAIS BIZION said that every liberty was wanting in France, and added that the country would not remain much longer in its present condition. France was doing penance with a fool's cap on her head.

The opposition journals of Paris, inspired by the boldness of speeches in the Legislative body, keep up vigorous and vivacious assaults upon th egovernment M. DERVERNOIS in *L' Epoque*, and M GIRARDIN in the *La Liberte*, are the most foremost.

Nor do the people keep altogether in the background. The *La Liberte* reports a dinner at the Grand Hotel—"a real festival, an ovation given by four hundred free men to two men, one of whom, BERRYER, represents genius and eloquence, and the other, JULES FAVRE, represents democratic liberty. The bar, the political world, the press, and literature were there." After the dinner, BERRYER spoke, then FAVRE; and then BERRYER, with tears in his eyes, threw himself into the arms of FAVRE, and they embraced each other closely."

THE SECRETARY of the Treasury and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue hesitate as to the adoption of measures for the effectual collection of the tax on distilled spirits. The pressure on them from the illicit distillers, is said to be immense. The Treasury Department, however, may as well understand that the tax must either be enforced or Congress will be required to repeal it. This nominally maintaining a tax, the primary advantage of which is to benefit those who systematically violate the law imposing it, has been endured till the patience of the public is exhausted.

What the whisky tax ought to yield, but which the Treasury fails to get, has to be made up by additional burdens on other departments of productions.

Two-thirds of the Revenue officials in the country are concerned with the illicit distillers in defrauding the Treasury. The Secretary ought to have little difficulty, where offenders are so many, in finding out some of them; and quite as little in putting honest men in their places. If the Secretary and Commissioner do not soon manage to do better with this business than they are doing, the impeachment engineers in Congress may find profitable and interesting employment in taking them in hand.

THE Gettysburg *Star*, after carefully and ably reviewing the nature and tendency of Mr. Sharswood's decision as to the constitutionality of legal tender notes, concludes:

"He is not only not deserving of the office he seeks, but he is among the least deserving and most dangerous of our public men. He has given fair notice of his views of public policy, and his election as Supreme Judge will be an invitation to him to apply them, and uproot the whole financial fabric of the country."

IN the democratic party of Cumberland county there is an active mutiny against the clique that has controlled matters for some years past.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Churches are going up in the two cities and immediate neighborhood, notwithstanding the high price of materials and labor, many of them being noted for their splendor, elegance and architectural beauty, and built, too, without regard to cost. Congregations act quite differently now from what they did in former years. Instead of locating their church structures on ineligible unsightly sites, without regard to style, comfort in light, ventilation, or heat, and at the least cost possible, they now select the most commanding, convenient, and desirable locations that can be obtained, and erect buildings combining beauty of form, and all the modern improvements of the day, without any stint of money. Church building has become more modernized within a few years than any other class of structures. It is right and proper it should be so, as they are expected to be adapted to the purpose for which they were built, for a longer period than ordinary buildings.

Within a year or two several very handsome edifices have been commenced. First and foremost is the new Third Presbyterian Church on Sixth street, which is progressing towards completion, with all possible haste. It will be the most elegant structure of cut stone in the city. Already the outline indicates this fact. The congregation are providing money lavishly in order to carry out their grand purpose. The neat and roomy chapel building at the rear end of the main structure is a gem, and serves admirably for the various congregational services. The Presbyterians in Allegheny are erecting a nice cozy building, just below the West Common and quite near the new and commodious Orphan Asylum. It is well located, and in a very respectable neighborhood. The workmen are pushing forward as rapidly as possible.

The dedication of the new chapel of the First Baptist Church on Fourth street, near Grant, is remembered by many of our readers, as we gave at the time a lengthy description of this elegant structure. It is an ornament to the town, and when the main building is erected, it will go far towards beautifying that part of the city.

Several months ago the First Christian Church (Campbellite Baptist,) located on North Common and Beaver street, Allegheny, was formally opened. It is a beautiful, steepled structure, located on a commanding site, and marks an era in that body never before attained in this community.

Within a brief period several church edifices have been erected by the Episcopalians, most of them not large, but of much architectural beauty. The most important church improvement is the remoddeling of Christ Church, on East Common, Allegheny. The changes will be of such a character, that the whole will be completely metamorphosed throughout, inside and outside. This improvement will give the Episcopal Church a position it has never attained before in our sister city. The progressive steps of other bodies has given them important advantages, which, however, may be hereafter secured by this body too. Whenever old Trinity, on Sixth street, occupying like the First Presbyterian Church, an enviable location, is rebuilt in superb style, as that wealthy congregation are able and intend to do, and the congregation of St. Andrew build the new structure in contemplation, then the Episcopal Church will be what she might have been years ago, had the same exertions been used then that are now being put forth.

The opening of the Fifth United Presbyterian Church, on Webster street, under circumstances of the heroic cast, is well known. The First United Presbyterian Church congregation in Allegheny, under the pastorate of the oldest minister of that body hereabouts, have built the foundations of a new edifice on East Common. It will doubtless be a grand affair, and will occupy one of the best sites in the city. We do not know when the main building will be erected, but presume at an early day.

The Methodist Episcopals have entered into a new era in church building within a few years, partly discarding the plain, old-fashioned style of the fathers, as we apprehend they are doing practically some of the peculiar usages that marked by-gone years. It is well that the spirit of modern improvement should be encouraged by them, and indeed, by every denomination. In the spring Ames Church was opened and dedicated to divine service. This is a plain but neat building, occupying the site of the old Third Presbyterian Church. Nearly two weeks ago the Centenary Church, on the corner of Duncan and Kirkpatrick streets, near Centre Avenue, was formally dedicated. The first story only is completed and temporarily roofed. The congregation intend, as soon as they are able, to erect an elegant steepled building, to cost between thirty and forty thousand dollars. One of the finest and most imposing buildings, for the use of the Manchester congregation, is nearly completed and will be dedicated shortly, and it will surprise many of the denizens of our city to see what an elegant building has been erected in this rapidly growing community on Western Avenue. At another time we may give a fuller description of it. The East Liberty Church is being completely remodeled, at an expense of about twenty thousand dollars, and it is thought will be one of the handsomest churches, of that denomination, in the two cities. Perhaps the most beautiful and costly structure, towering above all those named of this body of Christians, is the new North Avenue Church in Allegheny. The brick work is rapidly tending toward completion, and it is expected the building will be ready for occupancy ere long. Those in charge of the project will not spare means to make it a model church. The Lawrenceville congregation has commenced a new building of fine proportions.

The rebuilding of St. Patrick's Church, a few doors above their former location, on Liberty street, is known. The grand Cathedral on Fifth and Grant streets is still slowly attaining its beautiful proportions by degrees. A vast sum has already been expended, and yet more will likely be spent to finish it as originally projected. The German Church on Liberty has from time to time been receiving new features, so that it is now quite an ornament in the upper part of the city. Several new buildings are in course of erection, or projected, at points contigious to the city, so that the Catholics are keeping pace with their Protestant neighbors in the work of Church extension.

The congregation of the German Church, injured by the construction of the tunnel passing under Wylie street, have commenced a new building within about one square of the old one, and on a far better location, quite near Pennsylvania Avenue. The remodelling of the old First Baptist Church by the Universalists, and erection of the Congregational Church on Hand street, are of recent date, and have been noticed before. The erection of the second edifice in Allegheny by the Methodist (Protestant) Church is also a matter of late occurrence. There may be other projects in view, or commenced, unknown to us at this time, which we will be glad to notice as they transpire.

That *very* religious paper, the *Independent*, has found a text, or rather a pretext, for saying some unwise things about our Baptist friends. It seems the teachings of Henry Ward Beecher, published in the sermons of that divine in the *Examiner and Chronicle*, have called out a protest from the New York Baptist Pastors' Conference, in which said teachings are declared to be "unsound and dangerous," and their publication meets their strongest disapprobation. Mr. Tilton, the editor of the *Independent*, holds a pew in Plymouth Church, and thinks that Beecher is the leading evangelical clergyman of the United States, and that he is doing more to keep the evangelical churches of this country true to their evangelical principles than any three ministers of the Baptist, or any five of the Congregational denomination. Some persons rather doubt the truth of this broad assertion. Read the following comment upon this remonstrance, in the editor's well known flippant style when he is dealing with religious questions. He says the beginning of controversy "is like letting out of water." "Why, then," he asks, "has the Baptist tank been tapped, and this fountain of criticism unsealed against so good a Baptist as the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher? Was it not fair to presume that, since the construction of a baptistry under Plymouth pulpit, flowing with a mimic Jordon of pure Ridgewood water; and since the introduction of the Plymouth Collection (slightly sprinkled with immersion hymns,) into the Baptist denomination; and since the publication of Mr. Beecher's sermons in the Baptist newspapers; was it not fair, he says, to presume that Mr. Beecher was in loving unison with the Baptist clergy, at least of his own two cities of New York and Brooklyn." The criticism of nearly a column and a half is in this strain, without hardly touching the point at issue, or answering the objections made by this body of Baptist ministers against Mr. Beecher's teachings.

A VICTIM OF AN UNFAITHFUL WIFE.—The Peru (Ind.) *Republican* says: On Monday last, a man named Joseph Demphis—a raving maniac—was brought from Butler township and placed in charge of Sheriff Wallick. The facts in the case are related to us as follows: Mr. Demphis resided at Fort Wayne until quite recently, where he left his wife, as he stated, on account of inconstancy. She had two children, one of which he declared to be illegitimate. On leaving his wife, Mr. D. went to Mr. Bradley's, in Butler township, where he has since been at work; and on Saturday last he heard that his wife had murdered his child. On Sunday he went to Wabash to learn if the report was true, and found it confirmed by the Fort Wayne papers. He returned to Mr. Bradley's in the evening, almost frantic with grief, and Monday morning was found some distance from the house in a wild and raving condition, and attempting to commit suicide. With the assistance of a neighbor, Mr. Bradley succeeded in subduing him, and brought him to town, when it was found necessary to confine him in a cell.

—The growth of Texas in material prosperity is gratifying. The population has increased at least three hundred thousand since 1860, and is being daily swelled by immigration from Europe and from the Southern States east of the Mississippi. Texas is the land of promise for agriculturists and stock raisers. It affords within its boundaries the products of both the temperate and tropical zones. Not only the farmer, but the mechanic and the schoolmaster are wanted there.

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BLUE LICK WATER,

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GIVE NATURE A LIFT.

People eat or too much of Nature. They trifle with their health and their constitutions, and then are surprised that they fall sick. The pressure of constant mental or bodily labor, upon the animal powers, is tremendous. Very few systems and constitutions can bear up against this pressure unassisted. Add to this the unhealthy influences which lurk stored in the air we breathe, the water we drink, the landscape produced at this season by the change from the rigor of winter to the warmth of spring, and it would seem to require almost superhuman vigor to keep in perfect health without reinforcing the physical energies. But how to reinforce them? Certainly not with the accustomed stimulants. There is no poison in the outer air, or in the almost here of furnace-heated rooms, or work-shops, or factories, so pernicious as those deadly burning fluids. Why use them, when

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,

a vegetable tonic without a alloy, are everywhere now called? Nothing but a return to health in the feeble and consumptive, so harmless is its nature, so powerful in all invigorating effects, as now attested by HALF A MILLION OF LIVES, in the army and the navy, in new settlements, and in the old. It is also a most powerful and good, yet unused as a PROTECTIVE AND PRESERVATIVE MEDICINE, with most gratifying results.

CURE OF FISTULA.

DR. KEYSER: I write to thank you for your kindness and scientific management of my disease, for which I called to consult you some time in January last. You will remember that I had a complication of diseases, which finally ended in a terrible fistula, which I had been advised to "let alone" on account of a harassing cough, which it was feared might fasten on my lungs. I knew that the popular mode of treating fistulous cases like mine was by a cutting operation, which, if successful at all, would naturally throw the disease upon the lungs or some other vital organ, on account of the suddenness of the cure and the immediate check to a discharge which I was constrained to believe was a salutary provision of Nature to get rid of some morbid condition in the system. I feel perfectly satisfied that your method of treatment, purifying to the system, and local applications to the fistulous part, most cure, if anything could, without cutting, which I fail it did, and I am happy to report myself well in every particular, with sounder and better health than I have had for years. I would also add that the applications you made were almost painless, and have left me a new man, with all the energies and vigor of restored health.

Yours, gratefully, J— C—.

Dr. Keyser's consultation rooms are No. 126 Penn street, from 8 A. M. until 4 p. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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A YOUNG MAN, thoroughly posted in Grammar, (both practically and theoretically,) punctuation, &c., and who is a good penman and quick at figures, can obtain a situation as Copyist or Assistant Book-keeper, by writing to B. S. HIMES, generally worth. Could give $500 security for correct conduct. Address A. B. C., at the office of THIS PAPER. jy27:rd3

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jy26 141 Water street.

WINE—5 bbls. for sale by

McKANE & ANJER,

jy26 141 Water street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. PETER'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, corner of Diamond and Grant Streets.

This Church will be reopened on SUNDAY, July 28th, services at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.

jy27:no4

RELIGIOUS.—Public Worship in the new Christian Chapel, corner Beaver street and Montgomery avenue, Allegheny City, every LORD'S DAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M., JOSEPH KING, Pastor.

TRINITY CHURCH, Sixth STREET.—CHANGE OF HOUR FOR THE CHORAL SERVICE.—During the summer be Sunday afternoon FREE SERVICE will commence at 7 o'clock p. m.

PREACHING EVERY SABBATH, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and 7½ p. m. in NORTH AVENUE M. E. CHURCH, corner North Avenue and Beaver street, Allegheny City, Rev. E. E. SNYDER, Pastor. All are invited, Seats free. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock a. m. and 1½ p. m.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.—Services at the NEW CHAPEL, Fourth street, above Grant, EVERY SABBATH MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., and in the evening at 7½ o'clock. SABBATH SCHOOL at 2 o'clock, P. M. Strangers are cordially invited.

The residence of the Pastor, Rev. JAMES S. DICKERSON, is No. 45 Chatham street.

FIRST CONGREGATION OF DISCIPLES, Seville (late corner of Fourth and Liberty) Sts., entrance on Fourth.—Rev. W. S. GRAY, Pastor. Service every LORD'S DAY, morning and evening. Sabbath School regularly at 2½ p. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday Evenings. Strangers and indifferent not identified with any worshiping congregation are studily invited.

CURRY INSTITUTE.

The next Term will open on the

First Monday of September,

For pupils wish'ng to take a

NORMAL, COMMERCIAL, SCIENTIFIC

Or Classical Course.

jy8:w6t&f

NOTICE.

TO SHIPPERS OF PETROLEUM.

The Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will, until further notice, transport promptly, from their present termini of the road at Brady's Bend, to the city of Pittsburgh, any quantity of Petroleum that may be offered, at TWENTY PER BARREL, or 12 cents per barrel from Pittsburgh to Brady's Bend, and CIVILITY EACH. The trains of the road are extended down to, and along the water front, at Brady's Bend, so as to afford all necessary facilities for the convenient and speedy transfer of oil from boat to cars.

H. BLACK TONE, sup't.

jy27:d77

THE MEMBERSHIP AND CONGREGATION OF BROWN'S A. M. E. CHAPEL, through its Trustees and Pastor, Rev. J. W. STEVENS, appeal to all friends of Christians, in the name of our common Father, the God and Father of all, for help, to enable them to complete their church, now in course of erection, on the corner of Penbrook and Bath streets, Allegheny. Favored by the kindness of a few white friends, and the untiring efforts of the members, our little Church has been trying to erect another temple to the honor of the Living God, ever since our building was last December was destroyed by the guilty hand of an incendiary.

We wish and pray for the success of all Christians, whether Presbyterian, Baptists, Episcopalians, or others. There are enough colored people in the two cities and its environs to fill churches especially devoted to the evangelical teachings of these denominations. Citizens, Pastor or no pastor, our aim is We wish to build a church wherein we can worship God according to our own conscience, and the light He has given us.

Prof. S. A. NEALE, who is not of our faith, but is, nevertheless, a earnest worker in the spiritual Kingdom of the Master, will act as our Agent for a brief while, and we have furnished him with letters which empower him to solicit subscriptions from all well-wishers.

We also respectfully announce that a Grand Celebration of the victories of Freedom in this county, will come off at UNION PARK, in the Western part of Allegheny, AUGUST 1st, 1867. All the Colored Military and Civic Societies will participate, and a Grand Banquet will also be one of the features of the occasion. All the profits will be devoted to the payment of our church debt.

PARKER SCRELL,
HOPE HAYES,
THOS. E. ROACH,
GEO. W. DIMEY,
MOSES HOWARD,
Chairmen of Committee, &c.

jy27:eotlaws

BOOKS AT HALF PRICE!

Shakspeare's Complete Works.
Scribner's Ancient History, 2 vols.
Goodrich's Pictorial History of the United States.
Colonial Sibyl, 2 vols. Quarto.
Brewer's Dictionary of Phrase.
United States Dispensatory.
Ainsworth's English and Latin Dictionary.
Scott's Poetical Works.
Plutarch's Lives.
Hoyle's Games Illustrated.
Trimmer's Practical Geology and Mineralogy.
Grover's Greek and English Lexicon.
Smith's Classical and Latin Lexicon.
Donnegan's Greek and English Lexicon.
Fleetwood's Life of Christ. Gilt edges.
Dana's Manual of Geology.
Worcester's Law Dictionary.
Lawyer's Text Books.
Dunlap, Trowbridge and Daley's Practice. 2 vols.
Laws of Pennsylvania.
5,000 volumes of Miscellaneous Works to select from. Call and examine the stocks.

Blank Books, Stationery, &c.

Stationery, of all kinds, wholesale and retail, at Eastern prices.

ALL THE LATE

Magazines and Illustrated Papers.

CALL AND GET A SUPPLY, AT THE

BOOK AND NEWS DEPOT,

Sixth Street, below Smithfield.

JOHN D. EGAN.

BANKRUPT BLANKS.

I am now printing, and will have ready for sale in a few days, complete sets of

BANKRUPT BLANKS,

For the use of Attorneys and Registers, prepared in STRICT COMPLIANCE WITH THE RECENT ACTUAL RULES PROMULGATED BY HIS HONOR, WILSON McCANDLESS, U. S. District Court.

Orders by mail promptly filled.

W. S. HAVEN,

Corner Wood and Third Sts.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

HOUSES FITTED UP WITH

GAS,

Hot and Cold Water, &c.,

By experienced and practical workmen.

JOHN M. TATE,

Plumber and Gas Fitter,

227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and 59 Federal Street, Allegheny.

jy5:wsotc-tuss

LACE CURTAINS!

Gilt Cornices,

Vestibule Lace,

Worsted Damask,

FOR SALE AT VERY LOW PRICES, BY

WHITE, ORR & CO.,

25 Fifth Street.

jy26

BISHOP BOWMAN INSTITUTE.

A COLLEGIATE

School for Young Ladies.

No. 62 Grant Street.

The First Term of the next Session of this School will begin on MONDAY, Sept. 9th. Application can be on or about at J. H. WELDIN & CO.'S, No. 101 Wood street, and at DAVIS, CLARK & CO.'S, No. 34 Wood street.

For information or admission address

REV. B. J. CONNER,

jy11:tf5:TTS Rector.

NEW BOOK STORE.

Union Sabbath School Book Store.

Bibles and Testaments, Sabbath School Library Books and Requisites; Theological, School and Blank Books, Stationery, &c., Rare and Miscellaneous Books sourced, and all orders promptly filled, as cheap as the cheapest.

F. G. REINEMAN,

jy3:rwa 112 Third St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

$15,000 TO LOAN,

ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.

G. M. PETTY,

Real Estate bought and sold. No. 60 Smithfield Street. jy24

NOTICE.—Parties knowing themselves indebted to

DR. JOHN HUTCHINSON,

will call and settle their accounts before the first of September and save costs, as all unpaid bills will then be left in the hands of an Attorney for collection. DR. JOHN HUTCHINSON,

Hillsdale Corner, July 22d, 1867.

jy24:eotd&tf

THE AMERICAN TEA CO.,

No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET.

Branch of the celebrated Store. Fine TEAS at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 per pound. Fine COFFEE at 25, 30 and 35 cents. Save 25 per cent. by buying them.

jy20:mwf5:TTS

THE AMERICAN TEA CO.,

No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET.

This well known Company have just received some fresh Teas, which they are selling at $1.00 and $1.25 a pound, which is the same as the New York prices. Be sure to see and try them.

jy20:mwf5:TTS

THE AMERICAN TEA CO.,

No. 2 ST. CLAIR STREET.

Their Roasted Coffees at 35c.,

Really fine, better than any 40c. Coffee now sold.

jy20:mwf5:TTS

OATS! OATS! OATS!

One Car Prime Oats,

For sale by HENRY REA, Jr.,

jy18:TTS 233 Liberty St., foot of Seventh.

PROPOSALS will be received on or before SATURDAY, July 27th, for the BRICK AND STONE WORK, and the PUTTING UNDER ROOF of the FIRST U. P. CHURCH, allegheny.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of J. M. RALPH, corner of Federal and Water streets, Allegheny.

jy23:e2

HILLDALE CEMETERY.

All business with the Corporation of Hilldale Cemetery, of date anterior to FIRST OF APRIL, 1867, and remaining unsettled, will be attended to at my office, No. 19 IRWIN ST., second floor.

jy19:rd3 JOHN SEMPLE.

PERRY BONHAM,

PUMP MAKER,

And manufacturer of all kinds of WOODEN TUBE. No. 32 THIRD STREET, Allegheny City, Pa.

N. B.—Special attention given to the manufacture of LOG PUMPS.

jy27:d78

FOR SALE—BOILERS.—FOUR SECOND-HANDED BOILERS, 42 inches in diameter, 24 feet long, with two 10 inch flues. No. 3 iron steam drum, 32 inches in diameter, 20 feet long, with fire front grate bars and linings, safety check and blow off valve complete. Enquire of

A. M. BARNHILL & CO.

jy27:e

NOTICE.—PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY.—TURTLE CREEK DIVISION CONSTRUCTION BONDS.—Holders are hereby notified that the Interest Coupons on the above bonds, due August 1st, 1867, will be paid on and after that date, on presentation and delivery at the First National Bank of Pittsburgh.

JNO. H. PAGE, Jr.,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, July 24th, 1867. jy27:eo8

ICE FOR SALE.

PURE SPRING WATER ICE,

From the head waters of the Conemaugh River, by the car load, delivered in Pittsburgh.

Inquire of H. SWANEY & CO.,

jy27:eo9 Cor. of Penn and Hand streets.

FOR SALE.

Store and Dwelling House.

A well known business stand on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Terms easy. Will be rented if not sold. Apply to

B. GORDON & CO.,

jy27:d70 29 Liberty street.

JEAN INGELOW'S

NEW BOOK.

A Story of Doom and other Poems.

BY JEAN INGELOW.

Price in plain cloth binding.....$1 75.
Price in blue and gold.....2 00.

JEAN INGELOW'S POEMS, uniform edition, 2 vols. Cloth, price $3.50; blue and gold, $4.00.

Sent by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price.

HAY & COMPANY,

65 WOOD STREET.

jy27

AN OPENING FOR BUSINESS is offered by the proprietor of a manufacturing establishment now in successful operation in the city. The proprietor will give satisfactory reasons for wishing to sell, and will, if desired, retain an interest in the concern.

Capital required about $11,000.

APPLY TO

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

jy27 Apollo Building, Fourth street.

S. S. BRYAN,

BROKER IN

BONDS, STOCKS,

AND REAL ESTATE,

Apollo Building, Fourth Street.

Bank, Insurance and Municipal Bonds, and all kinds of Stocks bought and sold on commission. Mortgages bought and sold.

KELLEY'S WEEKLY.

An Illustrated Journal for the People.

We will issue on the 10th of August, 1867, a paper of sixteen pages, the size of Harper's Weekly. No expense will be spared in order to make it one of the best Literary papers published in the world. Some of the most distinguished authors in America and Europe have been engaged to contribute to its columns. The purity and truthfulness of its sentiments will render the paper a welcome companion in every home.

ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 10th, 1867,

We will distribute half a million dollars of the proceeds, in shares as follows, viz: Five Hundred Dollars, in Greenbacks, to our patrons, from a subscription of one dollar.

ONE SHARE returned to every SUBSCRIBER.

One share cash.....$20 00
One share cash.....10 00
One share cash.....5 00
One share cash.....2 00
Five shares cash, $1.00 each.....5 00
Ten shares cash, 50 cents each.....5 00
3,330 shares cash, from $500 to $1 each.....31,000
And the balance, consisting of Watches, Pianos, Melodeons, Melodeons, Gold and Silver Watches, Sets of Diamonds, Diamond Rings, Photographs, Albums, Silver Tea Caddies, Silver Opera Glasses, Works of Eminent Authors and other articles, amounting to $500 each.

All the articles to be given away, are now on exhibition, and can be seen by subscribers, with, in a public hall during the drawing. Names of subscribers, the names, shares, and their report will be published in Kelley's Weekly and sent to all subscribers.

TERMS—INVARIABLE.

One copy, 6 months, six months, with number of shares.....$1 50
Five copies, 6 months, one year, with two numbers of shares.....$5 00
Receipts for the amount and number of shares sent everywhere on receipt of price and stamp for return postage.

As the number of each subscriber, post office address, town and state is in L. Money by draft, post office order, express, or in registered letters, may be sent at our risk.

A dress all communications to

A. A. KELLEY & CO.,

jy27:d67 No. 695 Broadway, New York.

ROOMS OF THE COMMITTEE ON THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF PRISONERS OF WAR & D. UNION. THE 13th.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 27, 1867.

IN PURSUANCE OF A SERIES of RESOLUTIONS passed by the House of Representatives July 24, 1867, the undersigned were appointed a committee to investigate the Treasonable acts of ex-Rebel officers of War and Civil Offices held by the Confederate authorities during the late Rebellion, which are directed below, as follows:

First. The time, age and post office address of the writer.

Second. If a soldier or seaman, his rank or position, and what vessel he served in.

Third. A full statement of all facts known to the writer touching the acts of his own knowledge, and that of others, either as prisoners, citizens, giving as far as possible names, places and dates, with names of Rebel officers in charge.

Correspondents from New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Louisiana, Mississippi, Arkansas, Texas, and the States and Territories lying east of the Rocky Mountains, will address JOHN F. C. HAYES, M. C., Washington, D. C.

Correspondents from Missouri, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, Nevada, and the Territories east of the Rocky Mountains, will address

Correspondents from Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan and Minnesota will address

ADAM C. HALLECK, M. C., Monmouth, Ill.

Correspondents from the New England States will address JOHN F. STEVENS, M. C., Nashua, N. H.

Correspondents from Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky and Tennessee will address

WILLIAM McKINLEY, M. C., Canton, Ohio.

Communications addressed to members of the Committee will be free of postage.

It is the object of the Committee to collect all facts necessary to make a thorough official history of this subject.

JOHN F. C. HAYES,
WILLIAM A. PILE,
JAMES C. HARDING,
AARON F. STEVENS,
WILLIAM McKINLEY,
Committee.

JOHN C. LAMARTE, Clerk. jy27:d66

THE OLD, ORIGINAL

TEA STORE!

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

Young Hyson,
Old Hyson,
Imperial,
Gunpowder,
Eng. Breakfast,
Congos,
Souchong,
Oolong,
Old Country Black,
And Japan

TEAS,

ALL OF THE BEST QUALITY.

No. 20 Fifth Street.

jy23:c

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between O'HARA & ROBINSON is this day dissolved. Persons having claims against the said firm and those indebted to the same, will present their accounts at No. 6 Smithfield street, for the adjustment of the same.

O'HARA & ROBINSON,
M. O'HARA.

PITTSBURGH, July 25, 1867.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all persons not to purchase any of the goods, wares, merchandise, or material, belonging to the late firm of O'HARA & ROBINSON, without my individual signature in attached to each and every bill of sale of said goods, wares, merchandise or material, as I will repudiate each and every sale not made in accordance with this notice.

MICHAEL O'HARA.

PITTSBURGH, July 24, 1867. jy25:e81

KNOWLES' PATENT

STEAM PUMP.

GIFFARD'S INJECTOR.

Gas, Water and Steam Goods,

LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD,

ON THE BEST TERMS.

BAILEY, FARRELL & CO.,

167 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh.

jy24:mw&s

IRON CITY CUTLERY CO.,

No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Having purchased of ANDREW REGGS the entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery and Variety Goods, at the above stand, it is their intention to keep on hand a first class stock of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pistols, Fishing Tackle and sporting goods of every variety. They are also prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK; Grinding Razors, Scissors, &c., Gun Stocks and Stamps, at shortest notice.

W. R. BROWN, Manager.

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

FOR SALE—All the PRESSES, MOULDS, and other valuable tools formerly used by the Missouri Glass Company, St. Louis, Mo.

For full particulars address WALLACE & WALKER, 310 N. Third St., St. Louis.

jy19:e61

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SELLING OFF AT COST!

$20,000 WORTH OF

DRY GOODS.

Having opened a new DRY GOODS, HOSIERY, NOTION AND CARPET STORE, at No. 164 OHIO STREET, corner of the Commons, Allegheny City, I have resolved to sell out the whole stock of DRY GOODS at

No. 164 Ohio Street,

AT COST!

The sale will commence on

Monday, July 29th;

And will keep on for EIGHT DAYS ONLY. All goods left unsold after that time will be removed to the New Store, No. 176 Ohio street.

Great Bargains will be Offered!

The stock is nearly all new; the store has only been opened a year ago, and as a consequence there can be no old goods. They consist of the latest and best styles of

Prints, Dress Goods, Cassimeres,

SHAWLS, and DRY GOODS generally.

FOR EIGHT DAYS ONLY—BEAR IN MIND,

At No. 164 Ohio Street.

Wholesale

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

DRY GOODS!

Wholesale and Retail, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 & 182 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Black Silks.
Fine Lawns;
Plain and Printed Percales;
Plain and Printed Marseilles;
Checks and Tickings;
Cottonades & Farmers' Linen;
Fine and Heavy Flannels;
Bleached & Brown Shirtings;
Corsets and Hoop Skirts;
Mosquito Netting;
Hosiery and Notions;
AT LOWEST MET PRICES, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

☞Orders promptly filled.

JUST OPENED,
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
No. 19 Fifth Street,
An elegant assortment of
Sun Shades and Parasols,
NEW BUTTONS AND TRIMMINGS,
ENGLISH BONNET AND TRIMMING RIBBONS,
SPRING SHADES OF
THE BEST KID GLOVES.
"STAR" SHIRTS.
BEST PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS.

We have just opened a full line of all sizes and colors of the celebrated

"88" Kid Glove, at $1.10 per Pair.

We are authorized to guarantee every pair of the gloves sold. Should they rip or tear putting on, they can be exchanged for another pair.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

NEW AND
DESIRABLE GOODS!
JUST RECEIVED AT
JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S.

Pointed Trimming Ribbons;
Plain Trimming Ribbons, all shades;
Jet and Crystal Gimps and Fringes;
Colored Ball Trimmings;
White Cotton and Ball Fringes;
A full line of Alexandre's Kid Gloves;
Lisle, Oxford, Neapolitan, Silk and Kid Finish Gloves;
Lisle and Cotton Lace Hose;
Gent's, Ladies', Misses' and Infants' Hosiery;
Sun Umbrellas and Parasols;
Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Lace Goods &c.;
Duplex Reception Skirt;
Corsets, Belting and Buckles;
Palm, Linen and Silk Fans;
Gauze Underwear, for Ladies, Gents and Children;
Bead Collars & Belts, something new;

And a large stock of NOTIONS, of all kinds, at low Prices. Call and examine.

77 and 79 Market Street.
my25:n90

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TRIMMINGS,
Jet Bead and Bugle Gimps and Fringes
Crystal Bead Gimps and Drop Trimmings.
Jet and Crystal Ornaments.
Fancy Silk and Jet Drop Buttons.
Fine Assortment of Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
English Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, all widths and shades.
Colored Velvet Ribbons.
Elegant Assortment Real Point and Applique Laces and Handkerchiefs.

FULL LINE ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES

The Jobbing Trade will find a complete stock the above goods in our Wholesale Department, together with a great variety of

Fancy Goods & Notions Generally,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
my25:n90

DENNISON & HECKERT,
No. 27 Fifth Street,
ARE SELLING

KID GLOVES for.....$1.00.
KID GLOVES, only.....1.00.
KID GLOVES, only.....1.00.

STRAW HATS for.....25c.
STRAW HATS for.....25c.

FINER STRAW HATS for.....50c.
FINER STRAW HATS for.....50c.

LADIES' HOSE, 15c. per pair, or two pair for 25 cents.

LADIES' HOOP SKIRTS, 50c., 60c., 75c., 80c., 90c., and $1.00.

DENNISON & HECKERT.

CARE, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third house above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

BREWERS, MALSTERS, &c.

PITTSBURGH BREWERY.

CARSON, DARLINGTON & CO.,
BREWERS, MALSTERS AND HOP DEALERS,
Successors to
JOSHUA RHODES & CO., Pittsburg
WM. W. ANDERSON, Allegheny

The attention of the customers of the two firms is particularly invited to our

ALES AND PORTER,

Which, through the careful selection of Malt from our extensive malting facilities and from the yards East and West, we can guarantee to be pure and satisfactory to the trade.

Our INDIA ALE has been highly recommended by physicians for family use.

☞Mr. ANDERSON'S customers will please be particular to leave their orders at his office adjoining his old Brewery, or at our office,

Corner of Duquesne Way and Barker's Alley,

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SPENCER. JAS. M'KAY.

SPENCER & McKAY,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS

OF

Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. [my25:n88

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

GREAT SALE OF

DRY GOODS!

Preparatory to auction, beginning on

Monday, July 8th, and Continuing to August 8th,

After which the balance of the Stock (if any) will be disposed of at

PUBLIC AUCTION!

1-4 SHEETINGS.....8 cents.
LEVERETT MERRIMAC CALICOES.....10½ "
TICKINGS.....10½ "
HUCK TOWELS.....15 "
LINEN COLLARS.....12 "
HOOP SKIRTS.....90 "
ALPACAS, for Fall.....25 "
FANCY DRESS GOODS.....25 "
FRENCH LAWNS.....18½ "
WOOL CASSIMERES.....75 "

MOONEY & BRENNAN,

No. 50 Federal Street.

☞Bring this with you and compare prices.

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR

DRY GOODS!

IS AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO'S,

No. 87 Market Street.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS

SELLING OUT AT

REDUCED PRICES!

THE STOCK IS ENTIRELY NEW,

And cheaper than any in the city.

No. 87 Market Street.
lyttuse

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street,

Have just opened a large new stock of seasonable

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

Which they offer at EASTERN PRICES. Merchants assorting up should call at

No. 115 Wood Street.

C. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON
lyttuse

HATS, CAPS, &c.

STRAW GOODS,

FOR SUMMER SALES.

ALL THE NEW STYLE HATS,

FOR SALE CHEAP, AT

McCORD & CO.'S,

No. 131 Wood Street.

HATS! HATS!

W. P. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

At No. 52 St. Clair Street,

Have one of the very best retail stocks of

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS

in the city, and constantly in receipt of all that is new, as soon as there can be "improved." Every attention given to retailing, exclusively.

PIANOS, ORGANS, &c.

CHAS. H. KLINK. HENRY TH. KNAKE. W. L. BUNTTLNER

BARR, KNAKE & BUEHTLER,

Successors to WAMELINK & BARR,

No. 12 St. Clair St., Pittsburgh,

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs,

And Musical Goods generally.

☞Sole Agents for the Celebrated BRADBURY, New York, and SCHOMACKER & CO., Philadelphia, PIANOS.

Also, ESTEY & CO.'S "COTTAGE," and D. & H. W. SMITH'S "AMERICAN" ORGANS, and ANTON'S FINEST GUITAR.

The best Italian and German Violin and Guitar Strings always on hand. [my25:n96

PIANOS AND ORGANS.—A very large stock of
KNAKE & CO.'S PIANOS,
HAINES BROS. PIANOS, and
PRINCES' AUTOMATIC ORGANS,
At BLUME'S MUSIC STORE,
my18 No. 43 FIFTH STREET.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.

DR. WEST begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed his office and stables from the Red Lion yard to ST. CHARLES STABLES, opposite rear end of the St. Charles Hotel, Third street. Sick and lame Horses taken in and skillfully treated, at a moderate charge. Horses of all descriptions thoroughly examined, but every attention paid to them at the owner's stable. DOCTOR WEST'S celebrated CURE ALL LINIMENT, as used by all the principal Veterinary Colleges in Europe, will cure any Wind or Saddle Galls, Sore Shoulder, Sprains or Cuts, and will not injure the hair. It may be had in bottles, at his office.

Night and consultation cases promptly attended to. Remember the address, "St. Charles Stables, THIRD STREET, opposite St. Charles Hotel."
je7:n56

PROF. N. P. DUFFEY,

VETERINARY SURGEON AND HORSE TRAINER,

Thankful for the patronage heretofore received, respectfully announces that he has opened an HOSPITAL AT 140, at the corner of Liberty street and East lane, Allegheny City; also, a TRAINING and BOARDING STABLE on Beaver street, between Stockton and Sheffield avenue. Office at the latter and residence at the Hospital, where attention will be given to buying, selling, selecting and inspecting horses; and, with the assistance of Mr. A. CHILDS, (who may be seen at No. 5 Penn lane, corner of East Lane and Liberty St., Allegheny,) will give lessons in riding. Refer to the following gentlemen: R. Palmer, J. C. Smith, Wm. O. Bissell, John Stoker, M. D., D. S. Evans.
my22:n79

LIVERY STABLES.

THOMAS MORELAND.....DANIEL L. MITCHELL.

MORELAND & MITCHELL,

Livery and Sale Stables,

425 LIBERTY STREET,

Opposite Pennsylvania Railroad Depot,

PITTSBURGH.

☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Hearse and Carriages for funerals. Horses kept at livery by the day, month or year, and attended to in the best manner. Private families furnished with the safest Horses and most elegant Carriages. Stables kept open all hours of the day and night. [my25:n92

DYERS AND SCOURERS.

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

DYER AND SCOURER,

Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed.

KID GLOVES and LADIES' PLUMES cleaned or dyed.

C. G. FISCHER'S
FANCY
Dyeing and Scouring Establishment,
No. 61 DIAMOND ALLEY,
Between Wood and Smithfield streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

All goods returned in two weeks. Goods kept subject to the owner twelve months. my18:n83

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS

SINGERLY & CLEIS,

(Successors to Geo. F. Schmeltman & Co.,)

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,

THE ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT IN THE MOUNTAINS.

Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Maps, Bill Heads, Invitation Cards, &c. Nos. 73 and 75 Third st., Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. BILLER,

LITHOGRAPHER,

No. 80 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building.

CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles.
aug10:n92

TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c.

JOHN MEGRAW,

Manufacturer of and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of

Tobacco, Snuff and Cigars,

43 HAND STREET.

A general assortment Smoking Tobacco, Pipe Tobacco Pouches in variety. [my18:n86

EXCELSIOR WORKS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,

Manufacturers and dealers in

Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Pipes, &c.

No. 6 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
my18:n90

The Pittsburgh Gazette

LETTER LISTS.

Published by Authority.

List of Uncalled For Letters Remaining in the Pittsburgh and Allegheny Postoffices, July 27th, 1867.

PITTSBURGH.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

(As Furnished to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

A
Allen Frank
Anderson
Anny Geo
Altman Frank
Arthur Frank
Arbur James
Ash and Wm
B
Bailey H J
Bailey Chas
Bailey Alex
Bailey John
Bann Ernest Rev
Bard Saml
Barn Wm
Ball A
Ball Thos
Baker Capt G S
Baser J C
Bachler Ham
Barker J F
Barker N B
Barclay G
Bayer W E
Bailey W
Bates Pat
Barnes R
Barrett H
Bayard W J
Beny W A
Bentley Ch C
Bentley Jno
Bell J R C
Bell Chas
Bell Jno W
Bevan Jos
Bevan Wm
Bevan Jos
Bevan Wm
Brown & Co C G
Biel Jos
Bryden J J
Braden N J
Bruce J H
Burnsley John
Butler Wm
Butler H M
C
Canna W S
Caithan John
Calwell John
Caton Wm
Campbell J W
Campbell Wm
Campbell Thos
Cavanaugh Pat
Carson Capt J
Cowen W A
Charlton Capt
Cain & Co
Clymer Frank
Cleland Geo'n
Coleman S
Collins Pat
Collins John
Carr D R
Conway Robt
Cooey Thos
Corr Gyednon F
Congress Auditor (foreign)
Cowles H
Cosgrove M
Cooper Dan
Craig Wm J S
Cummings Peter
D
Dailey T Miss
Dargusser S
Davis Wm
Davis Jno
Davis Chas
Davenport Pat
Davis Lewis
Dawson Wm
Dean Jno
Dempsey Pat
Dempsey Thos
Commers Pat
Curry H M
Curran Thos
D
Davis B F
Davis David
Dalzell J E B
Dickinson Jno
Delaney O D
Derby J M
Derby Thos
Dean Peter
Dickson J S
Dow Mr
Dannan Alex
Dawson Jas
Duncan Jas (foreign)
Duncan Jas
E
Earp J E
Ellison Andrew
Edkin E
Evans H
F
Fennessy W J
Fig or Wm
Fleming Wm
Fleck Fred
Foster T L
Fraser & Mc Cormick
Frazier G
Frazier Jas
Frankie & Bros
Fry S
Frank Jas
G
Gallagher Capt
Gurren Alb rt
Gwinn & Son
Gorman Chas
Gosier David
Gosier Jas
Gotfried & Fox
Goldman D
Gooding J W
Graham C
Graham Wm
Greenhagh R
Greene Jno
Gross Capt
Gruver J D
H
Hallam David
Hamah Wm
Haver Andrew
Hallock
Hamilton C
Hanley Michael
K
Kaynor Robt
Kearns Chas
Kenny Geo
Kerr & Carr
Kerr P
Kerr A & J
Kerr D
Kinmell Ed
Knave Wm
Kirkwood Jno
Kromer F et al
Kings J Mrs
L
Lambert Alfd
Langdon G s
Lamb Wm B
Langfelt J W
Lyons Pr
Lee Ch Col.
Lothbrod eo B
Little Henry
Lindner C
Lenahan M
Love D W
Longwell T M
Lamb Jas
Lowe M
Lamberton Dr H
M
Maier J ohn
Mahon Dan'l
Mackey M
Mackey Jno
Mason eo
Martin mary
Mahaney J
Meier Wm
Mayberry W O
Meredith W E
Milligan Rev Dr
Miller W J
Miller P
Miller I
McClenahan Jno
McCarter & Co
McKee Jas
McKee Jno
McKee Jno
McKee Jno

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

ALL SERIES 7 3-10 BONDS

Converted into 5-20's, 1865,

BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Cor. Fourth & Wood Streets.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with **Jay Cooke & Co.**, our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers.

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS. myl4:y&d

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED INTO

5-20 BONDS, 1865,

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

ROBINSON BROS.,

No. 76 FOURTH STREET.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 26, 1867.

The New York stock quotations to-day, as received by M. P. R. Mertz, were as follows: Gold, 139½; Eighty-one bonds, 106½; Five Twenties, 1862, 107½; Five Twenties, 1864, 105½; Five Twenties, 1865, 105½; Consols, 93½; Seven Thirties, 107⅜@107⅝; Ten Forties, 103¼. Stocks—Erie Railroad, 74½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 93½; Chicago and Rock Island, 103¼; Chicago and Northwestern, 74½; Chicago and Northwestern preferred, 79½; Fort Wayne Railroad, 100½; Michigan Southern Railroad, 91; New York Central, 126½; Reading, 107½; Western Union Telegraph Company, 48¾. Mining shares—Corydon, 1,70; Quartz Hill, 2,85; Gregory, 6,80; Smith & Parkmalee, 6,75; Quicksilver, 3¼.

The gold market has been strong to-day at 139⅝@139¾. The export demand is increasing, and is likely to continue for several weeks. The advance in imported goods, together with the prospect of doing a good fall business, increases the orders for foreign goods, and consequently, the demand for gold. Furthermore, should bonds continue at present prices of currency, we would soon have to look to shipments for bonds from Europe, the price here being higher than in England, exchange considered. Go bonds are lower with a downward tendency and light investment demand. The high rates on Government securities has induced holders to sell and buy Union Pacific Railroad bonds, interest payable in gold semi-annually, like the Government bonds, but are offered by the road at 90 per cent., thus a thousand dollar bond will cost but nine hundred dollars, and interest, while a 5-20 bond will cost from $1,078 80 to $1,115, accordi g to the issue of the bond. Investors will thus gain 10 per cent., provided the one security is as good as the other. When the Government was in need of money it was well for parties having surplus funds to invest in Government securities, and heavy purchases were made from the interior out of sympathy for the cause of the country, but now the loans are all placed, and instead of supporting the Government, speculators are paid for keeping up the price of bonds. There is no doubt that the Pacific Railroad bonds will eventually advance to par soon after the road is in operation, but whether there would be a ready sale i mediately after a purchase is made without a sacrifice, is more than anybody will be able to say. The road is a great gigantic enterprise, and if properly managed, would be able to pay its interest on the funded debts, but what mischief poor management can do everybody knows from his past experience or that of others.

Robinson Brothers report New York quotations as follows:

Gold	139¾
U. S. 6's 1881	107½
" 5-20s, 1862	111¾
" 5-20s, 1865	106¾
" 5-20s, new	106¾
August 7-30s	107⅜
July 7-30s	107⅜
Fort Wayne	100½
Erie	74¾
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	93½

Philadelphia bank quotations: Allegheny county Fives, 72½ bid, 74 asked. Sales Dalzell, oil, at 8½; McKinney, 7½; Ocean, 3½.

Closing quotations received by James T. Brady:

U. S. Sixes, 1881	107½
" 5-20s, 1862	111½
" " 1865	106½
" " 1867	106¾
" 10-40s	103¾
" Consols	93⅝
August 7-30s	107⅜
June 7-30s	107⅜
July 7-30s	107⅜
Dec. Compounds, 1864	113½
Gold	139¾
Silver	137½

—Thompson's *Bank Note Reporter* has the following: "Since the Government has taken the entire control of the currency, it seems to be a necessity that some financial measure be adopted that will give elasticity to it; for during some portions of the year much more currency is wanted than at other seasons.

"It is already predicted that in October and November the money markets will be extremely tight, from the fact that more currency will be wanted to move the products, than can be furnished by the banks. In order to understand the argument and the case that we shall have to meet, it is necessary to understand the bank machinery of our cities where there are Clearing Houses. The clerk of the Clearing House Bank, takes all the checks on other banks to the house, and gets in turn all the claims that the other banks have on his bank. He then reads the account to each, and is also informed by the manager of the house, how the balance stands in other words, ascertains whether he is debtor and on a pay day money, and just how much; or whether he is creditor and has to receive money, and if so, how much. The exchanges made in this block, and the balance paid and received at 1 o'clock. These quarters if the banks sail close to the wind; that is, they manage to have in just enough in their vaults to comply with the 25 per cent. reserve. Hence, it is evident that the balance at the clearing House is the key that regulates the contraction and expansion. If a bank is debtor to too great an amount, away goes its reserve money, which must be paid over to the bank that is creditor in coins. If a bank is creditor, then its ability to loan money depends upon circumstances. The rest of may have, is such the result of a loan in loans expressly to concentrate currency to send off on orders. It is evident, then, that when the currency is to be moved in large amounts, the banks will call in their loans or 'contract.' The logical result is that the banks are forced to a contraction when currency is wanted, and they are at times induced, by their easy position to expand when money is not needed. It is our design to work up a plan or measure to obviate, or, at least, to ameliorate, at least, this bank kink, or bad kink, in our financial machinery. We hold forward our first special measure as an check on expansions as well as a break on contraction, and at the same time give the country an ad ged volume of currency when business requires it, and a diminished volume at other times, and indeed to shut off any great variation in the price of Government bonds in a panic."

PITTSBURGH METAL AND BLOOM MARKET—WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 26, 1867.

There is a continuet active demand for all leading standard forge irons, and for such the market is firm with an advancing tendency. The sales during the week have been fair for season, and not withstanding some of the mills have suspended operations, mill owners, generally, seem inclined to secure a supply now, being apprehensive that they might have to pay more in a month or two hence than at present; and, besides, it is anticipated that there will be a heavy fall business. There is also a good demand for leading brands of foundry irons, and stocks of this portion at hand are very much reduced. Inferior grades of metal, both mill and foundry, continue dull and in good supply; while, on the other hand, desirable brands are in good demand and will readily if not fully prices. We quote the following sales:

BITUMINOUS COAL SHIPPED FROM LAKE ERIE PERSON ORS.

100 tons	$60 00—	cash
180 " Mahoning Valley Grey Forge	40 00—4 mos	
176 " Shale and Mottled	36 50—4 mos	
35 " Mahoning Valley Low grade	28 00—4 mos	
50 " " Foundry	40 00—4 mos	
200 " Medium grade, Grey Forge	35 75—	cash
60 " " to arrive	40 00—4 mos	
200 " Mottled and White, a fair brand	40 00	do
470 " Open grey, a fair brand	40 00	do
260 " Medium Forge, to arrive	38 75	do
200 " "	40 00	do
200 " Favorite brand, to arrive	40 75	do
200 " Grey, to arrive	40 00	do
200 " Mottled, to arrive	39 75	do
200 " Common Coarse Forge	39 50—5 mos	
100 " Common Grey, to arrive	40 00—4 mos	
300 " Favorite brand, to arrive	41 00	do
200 " Medium Grey, to arrive		
400 " Mixture with Champion ore, deliverable at furnace	40 00—	cash
225 " " with Champion ore	41 00—4 mos	
500 " Lake ore, deliverable at furnace	38	
25 " Foundry, from native ore	45 00—	cash
75 " "	45 00—4 mos	

ANTHRACITE.

200 tons No. 3 Josephine	$42 00—	cash
120 " Grey Neutral Forge	38	
130 " No. 2 Foundry	45 00—	cash
50 " Missouri Mountain	55 00—4 mos	
50 " Missouri Gold Mine	55 00—	cash
100 " Fine Charcoal, hot blast	55 00—	cash
50 " "	52 00	do
10 " Foundry	50 00	do
10 " Foundry	50 00	do
10 " Foundry	50 00—	cash
50 tons No. 1 Juniata	$40 00—	cash
50 " "	40 00—4 mos	
50 " Champion Billets	42 00—4 mos	

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 26.—Beef Cattle sold at $6 75 @7 35 for good to choice shipping. Hogs firm and steady at $5 @5 90 for fair to good smooth. Sheep moderately active and unchanged.

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell so low as to defy competition. Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and shippers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. myl8:y

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 26, 1867.

The general market continue very dull, and with a demand restricted almost wholly to supplying immediate wants, prices are weak, with a drooping tendency, and the volume of business, in the aggregate, is inconsiderable.

GRAIN—There is nothing doing in Wheat. Oats less active and a little weak but unchanged; we continue to quote at 35c., on track, and 37@38c., in store. Sale of 1 car prime White Corn, in elevator, at $1,01—small sales of prime Yellow in store, at $1,00@1,05. Rye may be quoted at $1,25@1,40. No movement in Barley.

FLOUR—The market continues dull and weak, though prices are nominally unchanged. We continue to quote at $11,50@12 for choice Spring, and $12@13 for fancy brands. Sales of new Ohio Winter Wheat Flour at $12. Rye Flour, $8,25.

PROVISIONS—The market for Bacon is less excited, though prices are unchanged; we continue to quote at 19@19½c for Shoulders; 16c for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is dull and nominal 15c. Dried Beef, 20@25c, and Mess Pork, $26@28,00.

POTATOES—The market is a little weak, under prospective increased arrivals, and prices, although unchanged, will doubtless let down considerably within the next few days. Small sales of new at $2 25@2,50 per bbl.

GREEN APPLES—Continue scarce, and the few arrivals are very light. Quotations may be fairly given at $6@7 per bbl.

BUTTER—Is dull and neglected but unchanged; small sales of prime fresh at 18@19c.

EGGS—The demand is only moderate, and prices are irregular, ranging from 20@22c—mostly at 21@22c.

CHEESE—Is in fair demand and steady but unchanged. We continue to quote at 13@15c, as to quality.

HAY—New Hay is coming in pretty freely, and is a little dull at $17@20 per ton.

SEEDS—Small sales of Flaxseed at $2,30—nothing doing in Clover or Timothy, excepting an occasional small retail sale.

OIL—Lard Oil is steady, with a fair jobbing demand, and we continue to quote at 85c for No. 2, and $1,00@1,06 for No 1.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, July 26, 1867.

CRUDE—The market was very fidgety to-day. Early in the day there was nothing done scarcely, and but little disposition manifested to do anything. Some holders were anxious to realize, but refused to make any concessions in order to effect sales, while buyers appeared determined not to buy unless they could do so at a decline. The first sale effected was at 15c, to be delivered on first watery later in the day, there was another sale for the same delivery, at 16c, and then, right on the heels of this last named operation, there were two additional sales, for same delivery, at 16½c. At ten cents there was quite an active demand, but there was but one lot that could be got at that price, the one above mentioned, and the parties who were so fortunate as to get it could no doubt have realized a profit of half a cent per gallon within a very few minutes. So far as we could learn, there was but little cause for this "little panic," if it may be so termed, as the foreign and eastern markets have no reason no particular change since Thursday. The sales reported to-day were:

1000 bbls, first water	16c	
500 " "	16½c	
424 " ten days, buyer's option	16½c	
1000 " 60 days after	16½c	
1000 " last 4 months, seller	16½@	
2000 " "	16½@	

REFINED—There was but little done in bonded oil to-day, and the market, in symphony with the crude, was a little panicky and unsettled, with a tendency to lower rates. There were but few sales effected, and but little offered, and our refiners, generally, are not free sellers at present prices, feeling pretty confident that as the season advances the market will become stronger, and prices improve. Sale of 500 bbls for July delivery in Philadelphia, at 22c, and later in the day, 500 for August, at 22c—these sales, compared with yesterday, show a decline of 1c for the former month, and 1½@2c on the latter.

Since the above was put in type, we have the following sales reported: 1500 barrels, on spot, at 21½c, and 1000 do do at 22c.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Clark & Sumner, 900 bbls refined, to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

J. C. Fitzpatrick & Co, 112 do do, to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Hoogheizer, Loehler & Co, 120 do do, to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

P. Schlesenberger, 100 do do, to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

J. Benney Jr, 50 do do, to F. A. Dilworth & Co, Philadelphia.

P. Crawford, 200 do do, to Brewer, Burke & Co, Philadelphia.

Brunner & Wagner, 50 do do, to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Lockart & Fowler, 100 do do, Philadelphia.

National Ref. & St. Co., 250 do do, to F. A. Dilworth & Co., Philadelphia.

Dilworth Bros, 500 do do, to F. A. Dilworth, Philadelphia.

B. W. Morgan, 225 do do, to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

J. Meyers & Co, 100 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM MCQUEEN DEPOT.

Bodine, Kehew & Co., 108 bbls refined, to D. L. Miller, 50 do do, to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

A. D. Miller, 50 do do, to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Pittsburgh Oil Ref. Co., 224 do do, to W. G. Warden, Philadelphia.

New York Produce Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 26.—Cotton firm; sales of 1,500 bales, at 27@27½c for middling uplands. Flour; receipts, 4,564 barrels; the market was unsettled, heavy and declining for old, and steady for fresh ground; sales of 6,400 barrels, at $6,65@7,90 for superfine, $8,10@8,40 for extra State, $8,50@8,75 for extra Genesee; $10,00@12,00 for choice do; $9,80@10,25 for shipping extra R. H. O.; $10,75@12,00 for trade brands of extra Ohio; $9,50@10,00 for superfine Western; $10,00@12,00 for choice do; $10,00